Matara District

Affected Divisional Secretary Divisions

- (1) Matara
- (2) Weligama
- (3) Devinuwara
- (4) Dikwella

Affected People

- Number of affected families: 19,744
- Total number of deaths: 1,221
- Total number of persons displaced: 9,508
- Number of persons who were in welfare camps at the initial stage: 23,480
- Number of welfare camps at initial stage: 69
- Existing welfare camps: 22
- Existing number of persons in welfare camps: 3,102

Damages to Different Sectors

Sector	Nature of the Damage	Estimated
		Cost
		(Rs.Mn.)
Road	Roads belong to RDA and Provincial	94
	Council, Matara Municipal Council,	
	Devinuwara Pradeshiya Sabha damaged.	
Telecommunication	Telecommunication building and boundary	170
	wall, office equipment, office furniture,	
	vehicles and outside lines damaged.	
Electricity	High Tension Lines, Low Tension Lines,	62
-	Buildings of Service Centre, Vehicles,	
	Single phase matters and other equipment	
	damaged.	
Housing	2223 houses were fully damaged, 6675	1163
	houses were partly damaged.	
Fisheries	Fishing Crafts (Multi day boats, One day	439
	boats, FRP Boats, Local boats, Traditional	
	boats) and Fisheries Habour damaged.	
Agriculture	242 acres of paddy, 15 acres of vegetable	16
C .	and fruit lands and Thalalla Agrarian	
	Services Centre damaged.	
Water Supply	Water Meters, House Connections,	55
	Pipelines, and Pumps and equipment	
	damaged.	

Sector	Nature of the Damage	Estimated			
		Cost			
		(Rs.Mn.)			
Banking	Office equipment, Furniture, Stationeries	114			
	and Properties of Ruhuna Development				
	Bank, NSB, People's Bank at Matara				
	damaged.				
Health	RDHS office building, vehicle, furniture	11			
	and office equipment damaged.				
Education	School Buildings, Furniture, Sanitary	65			
	Facilities, Electricity, Water etc. damaged.				
Other	Local Authorities, Co-operative Societies	304			
	and other Government Institutions				
	Total				

Actions Taken

- Cooked food and dry rations were distributed
- First-Aid and health facilities were restored.
- Water and sanitation, electricity and other facilities were provided.
- Progress review meetings were held daily.
- Cooperation of Political Authorities, Government Organizations, NGO's and general public were obtained in the restoration of services.
- Estimates on damages were prepared and temporary houses for displaced people provided.
- Students and teachers of damaged schools were affiliated to other schools nearby.
- 2,670 transitional houses were provided.
- Construction of 722 houses were completed.
- Construction of 133 houses are in progress.

Confronted Problems and Issues

- Lack of funds for fulfilling the necessities.
- Poor knowledge and experience of the staff in handling disaster management.
- Scarcity of public lands nearby the affected areas.
- Scarcity of skilled labour.
- Difficulty in finding suitable buildings for resettling displaced persons.

Challenges Ahead

• Establishment of a proper mechanism on disaster management at national, district and divisional levels.

Actions to be Taken

- Identifying and acquisition of suitable lands for the construction of houses.
- Paying compensation for partly and fully damaged houses.

• Identifying lands for setting up schools and other government institutions to be relocated.

Way Forward

- Setting up of an early warning system.
- Seeking local and foreign training opportunities for relevant officials on disaster management and maintaining a database.
- Maintaining a monitoring programme on NGO/INGO at national level.
- Setting up a proper and effective mechanism on decision making process from national level to divisional level.
- Making officials aware of the importance of collecting relevant data in such disastrous situations in advance.

Post Tsunami Recovery Process District Experience and the Challenges Ahead

Matara District

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Damages to Different Sectors

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		(Rs.Mn.)
Road	Roads belong to RDA and Provincial	94
	Council, Matara Municipal Council,	
	Devinuwara Pradeshiya Sabha	
	damaged.	
Telecommunication	Telecommunication building and	170
	boundary wall, office equipment,	
	office furniture, vehicles and outside	
	lines damaged.	
Electricity	High Tension Lines, Low Tension	62
	Lines, Buildings of Service Centre,	
	Vehicles, Single phase matters and	
	other equipment damaged.	
Housing	2223 houses were fully damaged,	1163
-	6675 houses were partly damaged.	
Fisheries	Fishing Crafts (Multi day boats,	439
	One day boats, FRP Boats, Local	
	boats, Traditional boats) and	
	Fisheries Habour damaged.	
Agriculture	242 acres of paddy, 15 acres of	16
	vegetable and fruit lands and	
	Thalalla Agrarian Services Centre	
	damaged.	
Water Supply	Water Meters, House Connections,	55
	Pipelines, and Pumps and equipment	
	damaged.	
Banking	Office equipment, Furniture,	114
	Stationeries and Properties of	
	Ruhuna Development Bank, NSB,	

Sector	Nature of the Damage	Estimated
		Cost
		(Rs.Mn.)
	People's Bank at Matara damaged.	
Health	RDHS office building, vehicle,	11
	furniture and office equipment	
	damaged.	
Education	School Buildings, Furniture,	65
	Sanitary Facilities, Electricity, Water	
	etc. damaged.	
Other	Local Authorities, Co-operative	304
	Societies and other Government	
	Institutions	
	Total	2,493

Actions Taken

- Cooked food and dry rations were distributed
- *First-Aid and health facilities were restored.*
- Water and sanitation, electricity and other facilities were provided.
- Progress review meetings were held daily.
- Cooperation of Political Authorities, Government Organizations, NGO's and general public were obtained in the restoration of services.
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- Difficulty in finding suitable buildings for resettling displaced persons.

Challenges Ahead

• Establishment of a proper mechanism on disaster management at national, district and divisional levels.

Actions to be Taken

- *Identifying and acquisition of suitable lands for the construction of houses.*
- Paying compensation for partly and fully damaged houses.
- *Identifying lands for setting up schools and other government institutions to be relocated.*

Way Forward

- Setting up of an early warning system.
- Seeking local and foreign training opportunities for relevant officials on disaster management and maintaining a database.
- Maintaining a monitoring programme on NGO/INGO at national level.
- Setting up a proper and effective mechanism on decision making process from national level to divisional level.
- Making officials aware of the importance of collecting relevant data in such disastrous situations in advance.

EXPERIENCE AND CHALLENGES AHEAD MATARA DISTRICT

Introduction

Tsunami disaster on 26th December 2004 has caused a vast damage to the coastal belt in Matara district when compared with coastal lines of other areas in the Island. Table No. 1 shows such damages caused to 4 Divisional Secretariat divisions in Matara district.

Tsunami damages

Divisional	No of	No of Persons Displaced			No of	No of	No of
Secretariat	Families	In Camps	With	Total	Deaths	Injured	Missing
	Affected	_	Relatives				
Matara	5493	1269	1254	2523	430	2850	102
Weligama	6589	1314	1818	3132	469	1850	28
Devinuwara	3984	233	827	1060	57	752	06
Dickwella	3678	286	2507	2793	185	1200	21
Other					80		443
Total	19744	3102	6406	9508	1221	6652	600

There were 23480 persons in 69 camps up to 31.12.2004 by 07.04.05 that number reduced to 22 camps and 3102 persons.

Details on welfare camps

Divisional	No. of	No. of Families	No. of Persons
Secretariat Division	Camps	Displaced	Displaced
Matara	06	353	1269
Weligama	10	365	1214
Dickwella	03	81	286
Devinuwara	03	44	233
Total	22	846	3102

The following tables indicate the estimated value of the damage caused to Government organizations.

Sector	Estimate	ed Cost Rs.
	Sub Total	Total
Roads		
a) R D A Roads	51,250,000.00	
b) Provincial Council Roads	12,700,000.00	
Total		63,950,000.00
Local Authorities		
Municipal Council – Matara	24,100,000.00	
Urban Council – Weligama	5,800,000.00	
Pradheshiya Sabawa - Weligama	23,300,000.00	
Pradheshiya Sabawa – Dickwella	20,300,000.00	
Pradheshiya Sabawa – Devinuwara	6,000,000.00	
Total		79,500,000.00
Electricity	62,004,000.00	62,004,000.00
Telecommunication	170,000,000.00	170,000,000.00
Agriculture		
a) Agrarian Services	7,000,000.00	
b) Agriculture Department	1,079,375.00	
Total		8,079,375.00
Co-operative societies	29,950,000.00	29,950,000.00
Transport – Ruhuna Bus Company	6,937,000.00	6,937,000.00
Water Supply & Drainage Board	55,217,257.00	55,217,257.00
Health Services	11,840,000.00	11,840,000.00
Fisheries Industry & Aquatic	439,170,000.00	439,170,000.00
Education	65,513,500.00	65,513,500.00
Banks		
a) Ruhunu Development Bank	97,491,600.00	

Summery of Estimates for Damages - Matara District (As at 03rd of February 2005)

b) National Savings Bank	3,254,067.00	
c) Peoples' Bank	3,851,500.00	
d) Samurdhi Bank Societies	10,108,300.00	
Total	114,705,467.00	114,705,467.00
Housing Damages		
Fully Damages (Per Unit = 2362 X	826,700,000.00	
Rs.350, 000)		
Partly Damages (Per Unit = 5659	424,425,000.00	1,251,125,000.00
X Rs.75, 000)		
Other Government Institutions	217,651,665.00	217,651,665.00
Grand Total		2,570,243,264.00

Summary of Estimates for Damages Other Government Institutions

Institution	Estimated Cost Rs.
Post Office	15,560,000.00
Religious Places	63,024,900.00
Labour Office	1,294,805.00
Southern Province Irrigation Department	1,550,000.00
Urban Development Authority	23,000,000.00
Police Station	72,000,000.00
Vocational Training Authority	6,233,000.00
District Secretariat Matara	7,000,000.00
Divisional Secretariat Welligama	4,050,000.00
Divisional Secretariat Dickwella	2,211,460.00
Judicial Services	16,375,000.00
S.P. Ministry of Land & Land	4,802,500.00
Development	
Coconut Cultivation Board	4,802,500.00
TOTAL	217,651,665.00

Activities

Quick relief service measures were taken for displaced people in these camps are as follows:

- Supply of cooked food for the displaced.
- Supply of first aid and health facilities
- Supply of water and sanitation
- Supply of electricity and other necessities
- Holding daily progress review meetings.

The cooperation of political authority, Government Organisations as well as NGO and general public was received to make this work success.

Mid Term

In the aftermath of above mentioned quick measures following measures were taken for the displaced.

- Preparation of estimates of damages in the district.
- Supply of temporary houses for displaced people who reside in schools and resumption of such schools.
- Affiliation of students and teachers of damaged schools into other suitable schools.
- Implementation of transitional housing scheme.

	Matara	Weligama	Dickwella	Devinuwara	Total
No. of transitional	571	1243	771	185	2670
houses needed					
No. of houses	157	712	149	58	722
completed					
No. of houses in	65		20	48	133
construction					

Progress of the Transitional Housing Scheme

Compensations for fully damaged and partially damaged houses

D.S.	100,000 Rs		250,0	Total	
Division	No	Amount	No	Amount	Amount
				Rs.(000)	(Rs)
Matara	426	42,600	96	2,400,000	2,442,600
Weligama	825	82,500	213	5,325,000	5,407,500
Devinuwara	50	5,000	34	850,000	855,000

Dickwella	133	13,300	32	800,00	813300
Total	1434	143,400	375	9,375,000	9,518,400

Long Term

- Measures of identifying and acquition of suitable lands for the construction of permanent houses.
- Payment of compensation for partially and totally damaged houses.
- Identifying lands for setting up Govt. buildings and schools which are to be relocated.
- Initial measures necessary for the Matara modern city development plan.

Constraints

Financial

Non availability of needy funds in other Govt. organizations unfulfilling these necessities. We had to supply required provisions for all these activities such as fuel to Army forces.

Administration

Lack of understanding of certain organizations towards their duties and responsibilities in such disastrous situation.

Skilled Labour

Scarcity of skilled labour as most skilled labourers are displaced due to disaster.

Buildings

Difficulty in finding suitable buildings for the resumption of Govt. institutions damaged due to Tsunami as well as difficulty in finding suitable buildings in resettling the displaced.

How to overcome difficulties

- Obtaining monitory assistance from NGOs
- Preparation of proper mechanism in order to distribute financial and other resources to areas damaged due to disaster.
- Obtaining skilled labour from other areas.
- Leasing private lands

Recommendations

- Proper management mechanism on disaster management at National, District and Divisional level has to be formed.
- Setting up of a early system
- Seek local and foreign training opportunities for relevant officials
- Maintaining a monitoring programme at National level on NGO/INGO.
- Setting up a proper and effective mechanism on decision making process from national level to divisional level.
- Making officials aware of the importance of collecting relevant data in such disastrous situation.
- Inculcating necessary technical knowledge in officials in order to maintain a data base update.