# Post-tsunami Rehabilitation and Reconstruction

# Progress Report - 15 April 2005

# **Housing & Urban Development**

#### **Impact**

- □ 35,100 houses fully damaged.
- 47,500 houses partially damaged.

#### **Progress**

- Temporary shelters provided for 95,937 persons in 263 camps.
- Transitional housing provided for 15,470 families.
- 3,700 households given Rs. 50,000 first installment to rebuild houses.
- Land required for new settlements identified.
- 159 MoUs signed with 71 donors for 34,000 houses.
- Construction work started on 2,325 permanent houses

## Livelihood

#### **Impact**

Loss of employment estimated at 275,000.

#### **Progress**

- □ 234,000 households are getting
- Rs. 5,000 per month temporary relief. 881,000 persons are getting Rs. 375 per week temporary relief (Rs. 200 in cash + Rs. 175 in rations).
- Rs. 5 billion Susahana loan scheme for micro, small & medium industries: Rs. 585 million disbursed to 1,400
- applicants. Rs. 700 million loan scheme for micro industries via NGOs registered with
  - National Development Trust Fund: Agreements for Rs. 318 million
  - executed via partner organisations. Rs. 103 million disbursed to

partner organisations.

# Water Supply & Sanitation

#### Impact

- 550,000 displaced persons affected.
- 10 pipe borne water schemes damaged.
- 50,000 house connections damaged. Dug wells contaminated with sea water.
- Rs. 20 billion needed for rehabilitation & reconstruction.

#### **Progress**

- 4 MoUs signed for Rs. 3.2 billion in

grants.

- Pledges for Rs. 21.7 billion received from 10 donors.
  - Government and NGOs. Foreign Donor projects also cover:

#### Health

#### **Impact**

- ☐ 72 hospitals damaged.
- 363 facilities damaged (clinics, dispensaries, offices, etc).
- Rs. 10 billion needed for reconstruction.

#### **Progress**

- Donor pledges cover almost 100% of the damage.
- 22 MoUs signed by Ministry of Health for Rs. 6.9 billion.
- Kinniya Hospital reconstruction started.
- Donor pledges to also upgrade undamaged health institutions.
- No disease outbreaks.
- No deaths due to lack of medical care.

#### **Education**

#### Impact

- □ 182 schools damaged.
- 98 schools need to be relocated.
- 282 schools used as IDP (internally displaced person) camps damaged.
- 4 universities partially damaged.
- 3 advanced technical training institutes damaged and need to be relocated.
- 13 vocational training institutes damaged; 10 need to be relocated. Rs. 17 billion needed for reconstruction

(excluding land acquisitions).

#### **Progress**

- Donor pledges to reconstruct 177 schools.
- MoUs signed to reconstruct 163 schools.
- Reonstruction started on 2 schools. Donor pledges to reconstruct 155
- schools used as IDP camps. MoUs signed for 59 schools used as
- IDP camps. ☐ MoU signed for 1 vocational training institute.
- Repair work on 4 universities started.

# **Fisheries**

#### **Impact**

- ☐ 15,300 boats and 1 million nets destroyed or damaged.
- Rs. 20 billion needed for rehabilitation & reconstruction.

#### **Progress**

- ☐ Pledges for Rs. 12.5 billion received from donors.
- 12,900 boats pledged by donors. Boat & engine repair centres set up.
- 7,300 boats repaired free of charge.
- New nets being issued by the

- Coast conservation.
- Boat manufacturing yards.
- 10 fisheries enterprises with boats, cold storage, etc.
- 13 fishing harbours.

# **Roads & Bridges**

#### Impact

- □ 1,615 km of roads damaged:
  - 135 km of national roads.
  - 300 km of provincial roads. ■ 1,180 km of local authority roads.
- 23 bridges damaged:
  - 2 in Northern Province.
  - 15 in Eastern Province.
  - 6 in Southern Province.

#### **Progress**

- ☐ All damaged roads temporarily repaired and made motorable within 2 weeks.
- All damaged bridges bypassed with temporary Bailey Bridges and made functional.
- Rs. 31 billion in donor pledges to repair & modernise coastal roads from Panadura to Jaffna.
- Rs. 3.5 billion in donor pledges to repair & modernise provincial & rural roads in affected areas.

#### **Power**

#### **Impact**

- 222,660 households lost access to electricity.
- 6,500 km service lines, 600 km low voltage lines & 50 km medium voltage lines destroyed.
- Rs. 6.7 billion needed to rebuild electricity supplies.
- Rs. 4.8 billion more needed for additional transmission & power generation.

#### **Progress**

- 47 substations repaired.
- 32.8 km high voltage lines repaired.
- 136.5 km low voltage lines repaired.
- 8,580 houses given service connections.

# **Railways**

#### **Impact**

- ☐ Damages to the railway network:
  - 160 km of rail tracks.
- 11 engines and 20 carriages.
- 10 railway bridges.
- 35 railway stations & 34 substations.
- 176 km of signalling & communication network.

### **Progress**

- Emergency repairs to damaged railway tracks completed within 1 month.
- Foreign donor pledges for Rs. 38 billion in grants & soft loans cover:
  - Rehabilitation of tracks to increase maximum speed to 100 kmph.
  - Replacement of damaged infrastructure.
- New line constructions for double rail tracks from Negombo to Matara.

#### **Telecommunication**

#### **Impact**

- ☐ Services partially or totally affected in the coastal belt from Jaffna to Matara.
- Many towers & exchanges along the coastline severely damaged.
- Cable network along the coastline also damaged.

#### **Progress**

- ☐ Most of the damage repaired by the telecom operating companies.
- Rs. 1.8 billion project planned to build 300 towers island wide for wireless CDMA.

### **Tourism**

#### **Impact**

- Rs. 25 billion estimated damage to the tourism industry.
- Out of 242 hotels in operation (14,100 rooms), 84 hotels damaged (3,553 rooms).
- Over 70% drop in tourist arrivals, in the first 2 months.
- Room capacity insufficient when arrivals start increasing from October 2005 as expected.

#### **Progress**

- Incentives to hoteliers & tourism related enterprises include:
  - Import duty waiver for hotel refurbishment. Susahana loans up to Rs. 10 million
- with no repayment in the first year. Tourism vehicle replacement. Tourism Resort Zoning plan to
- rehabilitate & reconstruct 15 towns, including housing & infrastructure. MoU signed to build 125 community
- based houses. Tourism Marketing Recovery Programme initiated with a US\$ 5.3 million budget.

The Presidential Taskforce for Relief (TAFOR) and the Presidential Taskforce for Rebuilding the Nation (TAFREN) were formed to accelerate post-tsunami rehabilitation & reconstruction by actively interfacing between key stakeholders:

- Tsunami affected whose houses & livelihoods need reconstruction without delay. ■ Donor Agencies that have pledged funds for housing & other necessary facilities.
- Implementing Organisations that are carrying out the reconstruction work. TAFREN is responsible for facilitating & enabling the reconstruction process and

monitoring & reporting on project implementation by: ■ Government Ministries & Agencies ■ Local Government Authorities ■ National & local level organisations.





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