c/o, Maintenance Office, Mahaweli Authority, Digana Village, Rajawella, Sri Lanka.

Phone (+94) 81-2376746, 4922992

E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site <a href="http://www.climate.lk">http://www.climate.lk</a>

## **Experimental Climate Monitoring and Prediction**

by: Sewwandhi Chandrasekara, Prabodha Agalawatte, Sanjaya Ratnayake, Zeenas Yahiya, Lareef Zubair and Michael Bell (FECT and IRI<sup>1</sup>)

#### 5 September 2013

#### FECT BLOG

Past reports available at <a href="http://fectsl.blogspot.com/">http://fectsl.blogspot.com/</a> and

http://fectsl.wordpress.com/

#### FECT WEBSITES

http://www.climate.lkand http://www.tropicalclimate.org/

## August 15, 2013 PACIFIC SEAS STATE

During July through early August the observed ENSO conditions remained neutral. Most of the ENSO prediction models indicate a continuation of neutral ENSO through the remainder of 2013 & into early 2014. However, a few (mainly statistical) models call for cooling towards borderline or weak La-Nina conditions for northern autumn into winter. While a few others (mainly dynamical) forecast some warming towards borderline or weak El-Nino conditions for this same time frame.

#### (Text Courtesy IRI)

#### INDIAN OCEAN STATE

The sea surface temperature around Sri Lanka was neutral during 25<sup>th</sup>-31<sup>st</sup> August 2013.

#### MJD STATE

MJD is at phase I and it is likely to enter phase 2 in next few days which influences Sri Lanka rainfall.

#### Highlights

#### **Monitoring and Predictions:**

Puttalam to Kalutara districts are likely to receive heavy rainfall on coming two days ( $6^{th} \& 7^{th}$  September). However, Jaffna, Batticaloa, Northern Ampara and Badulla districts shall receive high amount of predicted rainfall during  $2^{nd}$ - $7^{th}$ . Ongoing rainfall is likely to increase gradually during  $29^{th}$  August- $1^{st}$  September. Thereafter rainfall shall decrease till  $7^{th}$ . For the entire country, ongoing rainfall is likely to increase gradually till  $10^{th}$  September and shall remain more or less constant (4-6 mm/day) during  $10^{th}$ - $13^{th}$ . No significant rainfall events are predicted for the entire country, except for the western coasts and eastern slopes during  $12^{th}$ - $14^{th}$  and  $9^{th}$ - $11^{th}$  September, respectively.

#### Summary

#### Monitoring

**Weekly Monitoring:** Weekly monitoring of rainfall for previous week (28<sup>th</sup> August-5<sup>th</sup> September) was not available. However, during 21<sup>st</sup>-27<sup>th</sup> August 2013, rainfall ranged between 5-80 mm. Entire country received rainfall during 27<sup>th</sup> August, except for coastal districts of Northern, Northeastern, Eastern, Southeastern and South of the island, which was dry.

**Monthly Monitoring:** Southwestern regions of Sri Lanka received an above average rainfall during the month of July. The entire country received less than 15 mm of daily rainfall, with Colombo and Gampaha districts receiving the highest rainfall during the month (14 mm/day).

#### **Predictions**

**7-day prediction:** Southern  $2/3^{rd}$  of the island shall receive 5-55 mm of rainfall and remaining parts of the island shall receive 55-85 mm of rainfall during  $4^{th}$ - $10^{th}$  September 2013.

*IMD WRF Model Forecast & IRI forecast:* For 6<sup>th</sup> of September, IMD WRF model predicts less than 36 mm of rainfall for the coastal regions of Puttalam-Kalutara districts and shall spread to nearby regions (including Jaffna peninsula) in a reducing manner. For 7<sup>th</sup> of September, same model predicts less than 65 mm of rainfall for the coastal regions of Puttalam-Colombo districts and shall spread to nearby regions in a reducing manner. NOAA model predicts high rainfall (25-50 mm/week) for Jaffna, Batticaloa, Northern Ampara and Badulla districts during 2<sup>nd</sup>-7<sup>th</sup> September.

**30 Days Prediction: Overall-** Ongoing rainfall is likely to increase gradually till 10<sup>th</sup> September and shall remain more or less constant (4-6 mm/day) during 10<sup>th</sup>-13<sup>th</sup> September. No significant rainfall events are expected. **Western Slopes** — Rainfall is likely to increase gradually till 13<sup>th</sup> September and no significant rainfall events are expected. **Western Coast** — The rainfall pattern persisting in western slopes shall be observed in this region and significant event is likely to observe during 12<sup>th</sup>-14<sup>th</sup> September. **Eastern Slopes**— Rainfall shall increase drastically till 10<sup>th</sup> September and shall decrease in same rate thereafter. However, significant rainfall event is likely to experience during 9<sup>th</sup>-11<sup>th</sup> September. **Eastern Coast** — The rainfall pattern persisting in western slopes shall be observed in this region, with low amount of rainfall. **Northern region**— The rainfall pattern persisting in western slopes shall be observed in this region, with low amount of rainfall. **Southern Region**— Rainfall is likely to increase after 8<sup>th</sup> and shall persist till 13<sup>th</sup>. Comparatively low amount of rainfall shall observe in this region.

**Seasonal Prediction:** As per IRI Multi Model Probability Forecast issued on August 2013; for September 2013 to November 2013, there is a 50-60% probability for temperature to be above normal in the country while the rainfall is to be climatological.

#### Inside this Issue

#### 1. Monitoring

- a. Daily Satellite Derived Rain fall Estimates
- b. Monthly Rain fall Estimates
- c. Decadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates
- d. Weekly Average SST Anomalies

#### 2. Predictions

- a. NCEP GFS Ensemble 1-7 day predictions
- b. WRF model forecast Regional Meteorological Center, Chennai, Indian Meteorological Department)
- c. Weekly precipitation forecast (IRI)
- d. 1 month experimental predictions by Paul Roundy and L. Zubair
- e. Seasonal Predictions from IRI

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> International Research Institute for Climate and Society, Earth Institute at Columbia University, New York.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> These interpretations of hydro-meteorological conditions for the Mahaweli basins are provided for the use of the WMS/MASL. Official hydro-meteorological statements are provided by the Sri Lanka Department of Meteorology and Department of Irrigation.

# FECT Foundation for Environment Climate and Technology

c/o, Maintenance Office, Mahaweli Authority, Digana Village, Rajawella, Sri Lanka.

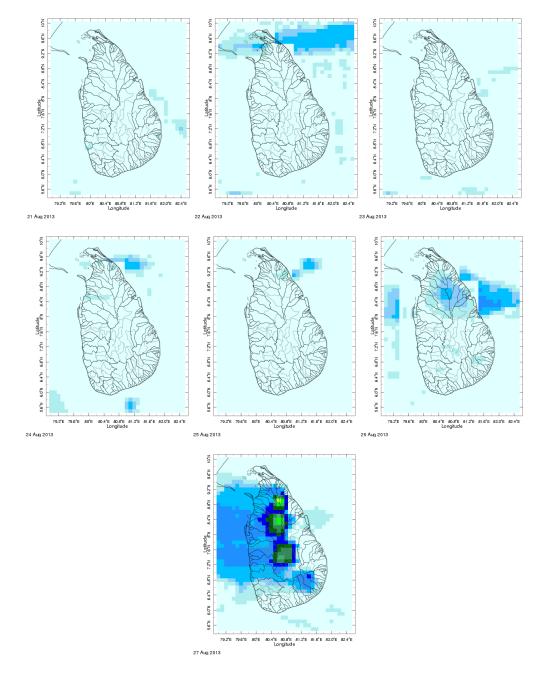
Phone (+94) 81-2376746, 4922992

E-mail <a href="mailto:climate@sltnet.lk">climate@sltnet.lk</a>

Web Site <a href="http://www.climate.lk">http://www.climate.lk</a>

## 1. Monitoring

## a) Daily Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimate Maps: 21st-27th August 2013 (Left-Right, Top-Bottom)

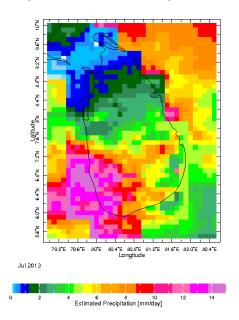


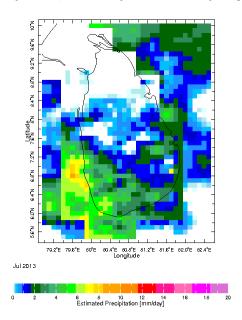
80 100 120 140 160 Estimated Precipitation [mm]

E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

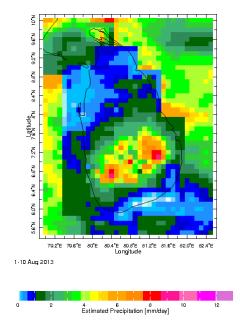
Web Site <a href="http://www.climate.lk">http://www.climate.lk</a>

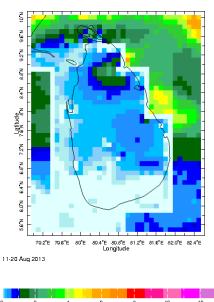
## b) Monthly Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates for July 2013 (Total – Left and Anomaly -Right)





## c) Dekadal (10 Day) Satellite Derived Rainfall Estimates (01-10 August & 11-20 August, 2013)

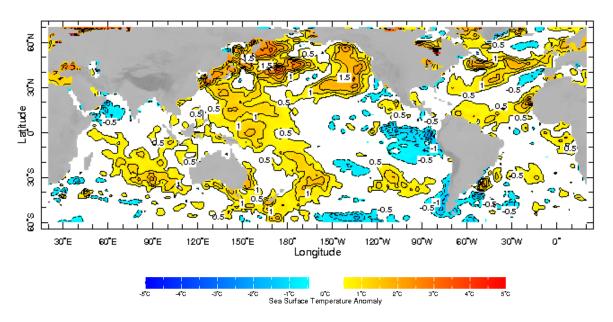




E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site <a href="http://www.climate.lk">http://www.climate.lk</a>

## b) Weekly Average SST Anomalies

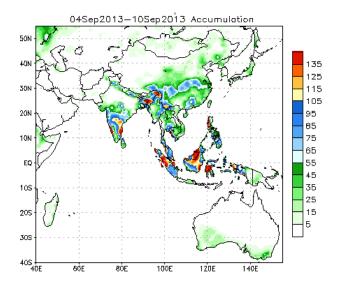


Weekly Average SST Anomalies (°C), 25<sup>th</sup>-31<sup>st</sup> August, 2013

Data Source: NCEP Environmental monitoring center (Climatology 1971-2000)

## 2. Predictions

## a) NCEP GFS Ensemble 1-7 day predictions, NOAA, Climate Prediction Centre, USA.



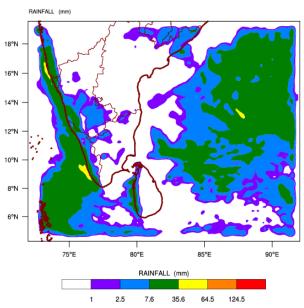
Source - NOAA Climate Prediction Center

E-mail <a href="mailto:climate@sltnet.lk">climate@sltnet.lk</a>

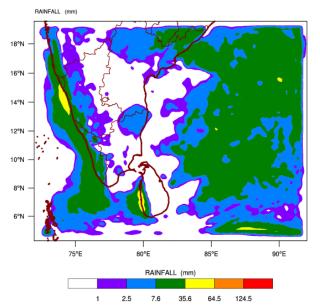
Web Site <a href="http://www.climate.lk">http://www.climate.lk</a>

## b) WRF model forecast RegionalMeteorological Center,Chennai, Indian Meteorological Department)

WRF MODEL FORECAST (48 HR.) RAINFALL(mm)\
based on 00 UTC of 04-09-2013 valid for 03 UTC of 06-09-2013



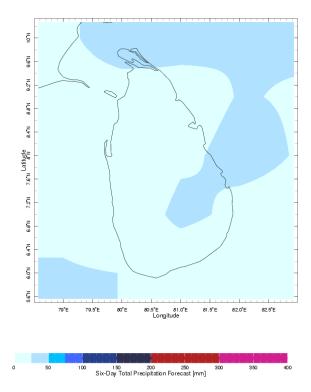
WRF MODEL FORECAST (72 HR.) RAINFALL(mm)\
based on 00 UTC of 04-09-2013 valid for 03 UTC of 07-09-2013



E-mail <a href="mailto:climate@sltnet.lk">climate@sltnet.lk</a>

Web Site <a href="http://www.climate.lk">http://www.climate.lk</a>

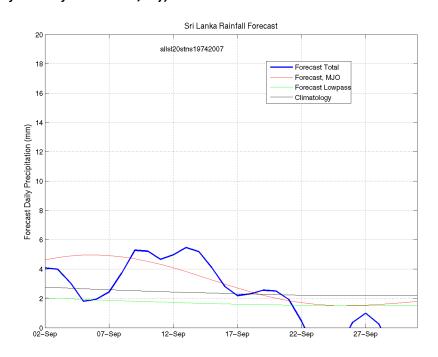
# c) Weekly Precipitation Forecast for 2<sup>nd</sup>-7<sup>th</sup> September 2013 (Precipitation Forecast in Context Map Tool, IRI)



## d) 1 month experimental predictions by Paul Roundy and L. Zubair

Predictions based on observed cloud cover and atmospheric waves. Issued 4<sup>th</sup> September, 2013

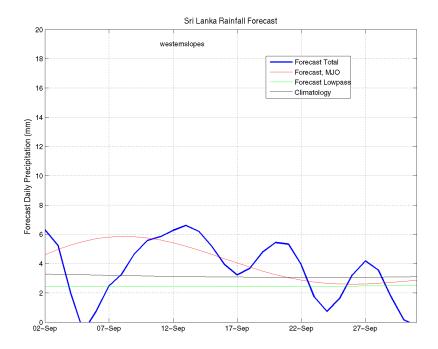
#### All Sri Lanka (Rainfall Scale from 0-20mm/day)



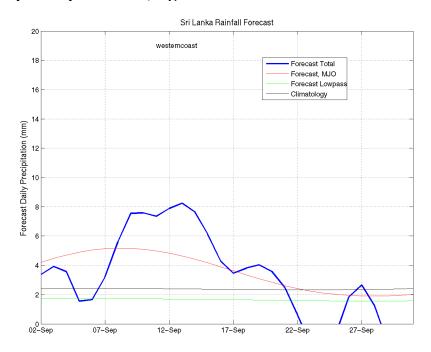
E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site <a href="http://www.climate.lk">http://www.climate.lk</a>

## Western Slopes (Rainfall Scale from 0-20 mm/day)



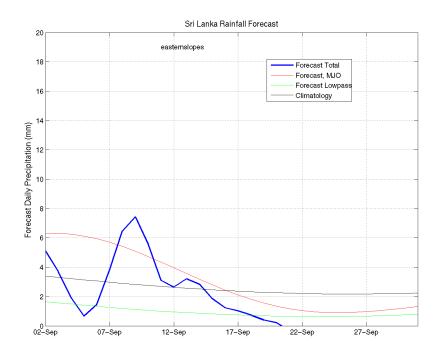
## Western Coast (Rainfall Scale from 0-20 mm/day)



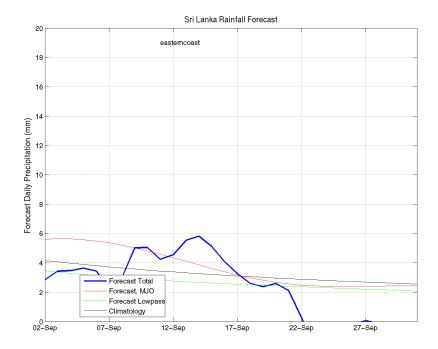
E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site <a href="http://www.climate.lk">http://www.climate.lk</a>

## Eastern Slopes (Rainfall Scale- from 0-20 mm/day)



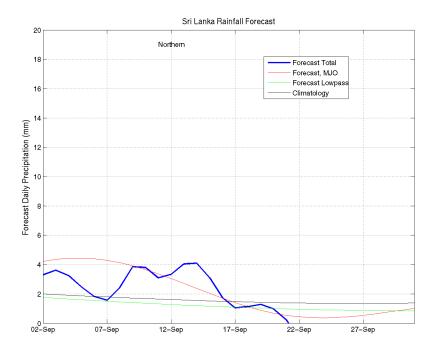
#### Eastern Coast (Rainfall Scale- from 0-20 mm/day)



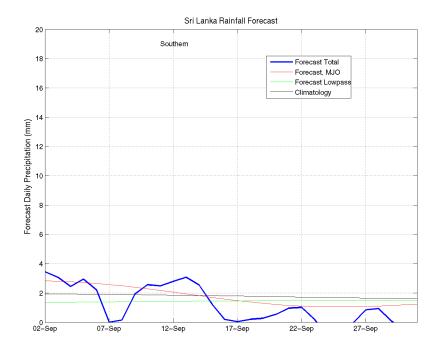
E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site <a href="http://www.climate.lk">http://www.climate.lk</a>

## Northern Region (Rainfall Scale- from 0-20 mm/day)



## Southern Region (Rainfall Scale- from 0-20 mm/day)



E-mail climate@sltnet.lk

Web Site <a href="http://www.climate.lk">http://www.climate.lk</a>

## e) Seasonal Rainfall and Temperature Predictions from IRI

